Number 88 May/June 2001

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TWO NEW BOOKS FOR YOUR PHILATELIC LIBRARY

THE POST OFFICES OF NEWFOUNDLAND (CANADA)

Richard Small has a new book listing 1582 post offices from 1850 to date. He writes: "I have been compiling data on U.S. and Canadian post offices. I noticed that there were two books listing Newfoundland post offices, so I combined them and also added material I found at the Canadian Archives. Although not complete, it is the most comprehensive list of Newfoundland Post Offices and I thought your study group might be interested in it."

The book is 8.5" X 11", with 38 pages, soft, tape bound. Cost is \$10 U.S. plus postage. The book may be ordered from Small at 14502 Oak Cluster Drive, Centreville, VA, U.S.A. 20120. Small has email: **RSmall9293@aol.com**

WEBB'S POSTAL STATIONERY CATALOGUE, 2001, SEVENTH EDITION

This is the most comprehensive listing ever published for the postal stationery of Canada and Newfoundland, and the first new edition in seven years. It includes envelopes, post cards, air letter sheets, precancelled issues and "much, much more". It has a complete repricing with attention to the retail and auction markets, including results of the recent sales of outstanding Horace Harrison stationery collections. It is 322 8.5" X 11" pages - almost double the length of the last edition.

This important work can be ordered from Saskatoon Stamp Centre, Box 1870, Saskatoon, SK S7K 2S2, Canada. For questions, contact Marilyn Peterson toll free at (800) 205-8814 - North America only, or (306) 931-6633. Email is **ssc.marilyn@saskatoonstamp.com**

Cost is C\$39.95 or US\$26.95. Postage/handling: within Canada C\$5.00, to US, C\$7.50/US\$5.25. Overseas postage/handling is C\$11.50 or US\$8.00

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H.M.S. NORFOLK IN NEWFOUNDLAND

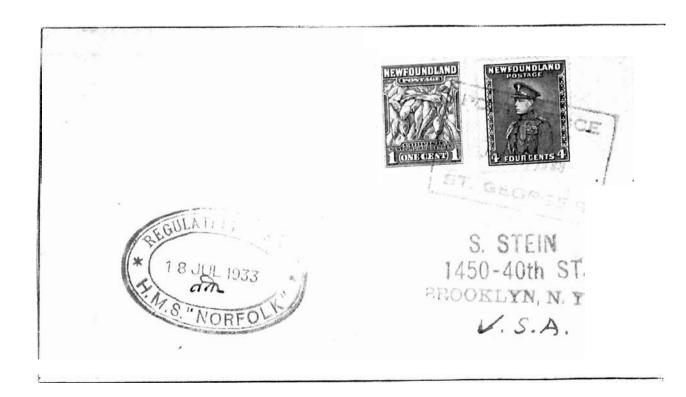
Dean Mario

Great Britain's <u>H.M.S. Norfolk</u> was launched in December, 1928 with a displacement of 9,925 tons. The warship was equipped with six eight-inch 50 caliber, eight four inch anti-aircraft ("ack-ack") and twelve two-pounder "pom-pom" guns. She was certainly an impressive and formidable vessel.

In July, 1933 Norfolk was in Newfoundland waters, perhaps in St. George's Bay. The cover below bears a (light) carmine dotted-box cancellation from St. George's and is addressed to the United States. Both the front and reverse of the cover bear the dotted oval "Regulating Office" triple-oval marking in blue.

One of Norfolk's actions during the Second World War occurred on the night of January 11-12, 1945, when she, along with three destroyers swept Leads near Egersund, Norway and encountered an enemy convoy. Two cargo ships and one of the six enemy escort vessels were sunk.

In May, 1945, Norfolk participated in the liberation of Norway and was sent to Bergen to assist with the removal of U-boats, the collection of enemy prisoners, and the unloading of supplies. On June 5, 1945, Norway's King Haakan and members of the royal family embarked in Norfolk at Rosyth to Oslo.



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THE NEWFOUNDLAND ((235)) CANCEL Sammy Whaley

Newfoundland collectors have always been piqued by the ((235)) cancel. Besides the A92 Cunard-line ship cancel, it is the only other numeral cancel on Newfoundland stamps. It has variously been described as a paqueboat/mailboat cancel, a registration cancel or even a receiver. The cancel was only used in St. John's on both colonial and foreign mail. It was used on registered and non registered letters as well as a transitory strike.

There is no record of the ((235)) being officially delegated to St. John's so its origin is a mystery. There was a similar cancel used in Staindrop, England until about 1860 and someone could have brought it to St., John's as a personal obliterator. This was the opinion of Col. Robert Pratt, probably the most knowledgeable person to have written about it. The evidence does support the concept that it was used by just one person as a cover review shows periods of relatively active use followed by long periods of non-use.

The earliest known use (EKU) of the ((235)) is an open question. Two dates have proponents - 1865 and 1873. 1865 was the date when Newfoundland changed from the pence to decimal currency on its stamps, and both Robson Lowe and John Butt espoused that year as EKU for the cancel. This was probably based upon one well known Pence cover from that year with the ((235)) used to cancel two Pence issue stamps. But is this particular cover legitimate? It has a good BPA certificate but the Philatelic Foundation in New York did not agree. The cover has recently changed owners and perhaps the new owner will resubmit it and end the debate over its legitimacy.

1873 is the other date championed as the EKU for the ((235)), by Col. Pratt, and also David Piercey, in his superb article on cork cancels in the **Newfie Newsletter** of May-June, 1994. Although Pratt felt the cancel was not used on pence stamps, it is ironic that he wrote his most inclusive article on the cancel in his **Pence Issues of Newfoundland**. The cover upon which these proponents base their 1873 EKU is shown in Figure #1. This fantastic piece currently belongs to Colin Lewis and I thank him for sending me the illustration to use in this article.

Going back to 1865, it still remains a pivotal year in the debate over first use of this cancel. The new Cents stamps did not arrive until mid-November which necessitated the continued use of Pence stamps, and there were various times in 1867-69 when some post offices resorted to Pence issue stamps because of exhaustion of Cents values.(No Newfoundland stamps have ever been demonetized and thus the Pence stamps could properly have been used during such shortages.) If the ((235)) was available at that time there could be Pence issues cancelled by it during the Cents period. Finding one might lay the debate to rest. Not quite. See Figure #2 for a legitimate-looking cancel on a Three Pence stamp (Scott 11A). Can't we thus conclude that the cancel was used as early as 1865? "No!" said Pratt. The 1873 supporters state that the ((235)) cancels found on Pence issues were placed on remainders in the 1890's. It is true that the Pence values that were remaindered are all known with this cancel. Pratt also added that the cancels in question were too sharp and well-defined to have gone through the mails. I concede that most of the Cents covers with the ((235)) cancel have a somewhat blurred strike, and that would tend to substantiate Pratt's argument. But if one looks at the cover in Figure #1 one can see the cancel on the 12¢ stamp is sharp, well defined, and very similar to that on the Pence stamp in Figure #2.

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THE NEWFOUNDLAND ((235)) CANCEL (Continued)

The strike on the 5¢ stamp *is* blurred, however, much like the ones on later covers. It would logically follow that the sharpness of the cancel was determined more by the severity of the strike and how long the obliterator was held to the cover rather than what year it was applied. Col. Pratt did not rule out *all* Pence issue ((235)) cancels as being applied to remainders, as there are a couple of Pence stamps values with this cancel that were not part of the remainders. He felt that they were used after April, 1873, which is highly unlikely. Although there are cerificated Pence stamps with this cancel one must still decide as to their time of use. I personally do not believe they were used after April, 1873 and that the ((235)) cancel *was used* (albeit infrequently) in the period of the Pence stamps.

Besides the issue of EKU for the ((235)) cancel the same question arises as to the latest date of use. Some experts say January, 1888, while others feel it was in 1896. We'll save that for another time.

For those who wish to collect the ((235)) cancel, I offer the following. Obtaining a single copy for a cancellation study is not difficult as they frequently appear on Internet or public auctions. Most BNA dealers should have the cancel on at least one stamp. On the Cents issues the cancel is found on: #24a, 26, 27, 27a, 28, 30, 32a, 33-35, 37-42, 44, 46, 48-49, 53-54. Cancels on #34-35, 39 and 49 can be found for less than \$10. One may see the cancel described as being on Cents issues other than those listed above, but be wary, as they may be faded examples of similar stamps, i.e. a #43 is usually a faded #42, and #47 actually a #46. Also be cautious of any stamp printed after 1888 with the cancel. Collecting cancels on all the stamps above is quite a challenge and could take years. If given the opportunity to obtain a ((235)) on a Pence issue, understand that questions surround the legitimacy of such usage. Figure #3 shows the cancel on #35, 41, and 53.

The greatest challenge is to find the cancel on cover. Only #24a, 26, 27a, 28, 32a, 34-35, 38, 41-42, 44, 46, 49 and 53-54 have been recorded on cover (Figure #4 shows #41 and 46 on cover). Pratt lists a total of only 35 covers having this cancel (Reference 4.). I've been able to add twelve more to the list. If you have a cover and would like to share the information with me, E-mail me at Onycha2@aol.com, or regular mail at Sammy Whaley, P.O. Box 235, Opp, Alabama 36467.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Butt, John: The Postal Markings St. John's General Post Office and Sub Offices, 1840-1949
 BNA TOPICS, July-August, 1991, Page 31.
- 2. Lowe, Robson: The Encyclopedia of British Empire Postage Stamps Part IV, 1973, Page 447.
- 3. Minuse, Ken: "235" Numeral Obliterator Used on Newfoundland Stamps, , BNA TOPICS, Vol. 8 #10, 1951, Page 809.
- 4. Pratt, Robert: The Pence Issues of Newfoundland, 1857-1866, 1982, Pages 118-121.
- 5. Piercey, David: Corks and Other Cancellations Found on "Cents" Issues: 1865-1898, Newfie Newsletter, May-June, 1994, Page 4.
- 6. Scales, N.W. Newfoundland "235" Numeral Cancellation, BNA Topics, Sept. 1965, 206-207.

NOTE: Sammy will be a featured presenter at the Newfoundland Study Group meeting, BNAPEX2001, in Ottawa on either Friday or Saturday morning, August 31st or September first. He will announce a new research project on 19th century Newfoundland Cents covers! We hope you can be there! More details next issue!!!

((235)) Illustrations

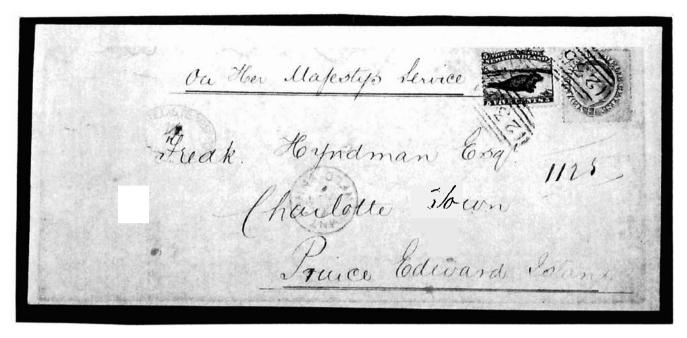


Figure # 1 (above) Scott # 26 & 28 on 1873 cover



Figure #2 ((235)) cancel on Scott #11A



Figure #3 Cancels on Scott #35, 41 & 53

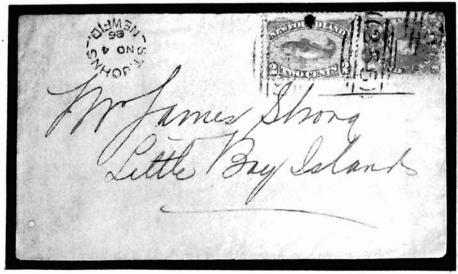


Figure #4 ((235)), Scott #41 & 46, on this 1886 cover

Newfoundland Stamp Dealers

If you collect Newfoundland postal history, you no doubt have come across covers from Rev. E.A. Butler or Frank W. Wills, two popular longtime dealers in Newfoundland Stamps and covers. However, you may not know that there were many more dealers contributing to the worldwide demand for some of the most beautiful stamps of the 20th century.

Below is a list of all the Newfoundland stamp dealers known to me. I have compiled this list from my own collection, the collection of James Luetje, Rockville, MD, the 4th edition of the Newfoundland Specialized Stamp Catalog, and personal accounts from long time collectors living in Newfoundland. I would enjoy hearing from collectors who can add to this far from complete list.

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F.W. Adams
                        Botwood
W.J. Allen
                        St. John's
J.A. Basha
                       Corner Brook
                     St. George's
Rev. E.A. Butler
Caribou Stamp Co.
                       St. John's
L.G. Chafe
                       St. John's
W.L. Clarke
                       St. John's
Geo. Cobb
                       Bav Roberts
The Colonial Press Corner Brook
H.L. Farrell St. Jol
                              St. John's
                        Trinity & Harbour Grace
Sam D. Grant
James Howley
                        St. John's
Rev. H. Kirby
                        Harbour Grace
Ralph Mercer
                        St. John's
L.P. Moss
                        Deer Lake
The Nfld Stamp Co.
                        St. John's
The Nfld Stamp Collector St. John's
The Nfld Stamp Exchange St. John's
Wm. Noftall
                        St. John's
N. Ohman
                        St. John's
L.G. O'Keefe
                       St. John's
The Old Colony Stamp Co. St. John's
Cecil V. Patey Englee & Pilley's Island & Wellington
John W. Penney
                        St. John's
St. John's
Jethro W. Penny
The Pioneer Stamp Co.
                        Grand Falls
The Premier Stamp Co.
                        St. John's
Fred Rose
                        St. John's
R. C. Rose
                        St. John's
W. H. Rose
                        St. John's
L. P. Ross
                        Deer Lake
Rev. E Rusted
                        Carbonear
Robert Simms
                        St. John's
Henry Snow
                        St. John's
                                                George McGowan
Harold Starkes
                        Nippers Harbour
                                                12 Woods Path
Malcolm Starks
                       Grand Falls
                                                Troy, NY 12182 USA
Frank Wills
                       St. John's
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THE WRECK OF THE SS LABRADOR

On the 19th of February, 1899, the Dominion Line Steamship "Labrador", a vessel of 4737 gross tonnage and built by Harland and Wolff of Belfast, left St. John's, New Brunswick bound for Halifax, and thence to Liverpool, England. She arrived at Halifax on February 20th and set sail the next day to cross the Atlantic. Her first intended port of call was Moville, Northern Ireland but having for most of the voyage had a pleasant if somewhat rough passage she encountered very dense fog as she approached Ireland, and failed to find the port.

By the morning of Wednesday, the 28th of February, the fog was at its worst and a lookout was posted at the masthead to watch for lights. It was then that his shout "Breakers ahead!" was heard too late to prevent the ship running aground on the Mackenzie Rocks about four miles south of Skerryvore Lighthouse which is itself ten miles southwest of the Inner Hebridean island of Tiree.

The Captain ordered all on board to take to the lifeboats and (miraculously) no one was lost. The majority of the passengers and crew were rescued by the German vessel "Viking" whilst one boatload of people made it to the lighthouse. The **Labrador** limped to the mainland, a gaping hole in her side and much of her cargo was never seen again. The vessel was run aground and it would appear that a few items of mail were salvaged from the now totally wrecked ship.

The cover below is one of eight known recovered, and the six I've seen all originated in Newfoundland. It is franked with the two cent codfish of 1888 and tied by the standard barred circle killer (although like the rest, the stamp has been re-affixed by the Post Office). The St. John's free strike is dated **AM FE 16 99** while the Liverpool double circle is dated **MR 16.** The cover is clearly stained by sea-water and has been sealed with selvage from the British Jubilee stamp issue.

Of the surviving covers, three are known dated Liverpool on March 15th whilst three others are dated Glasgow on either the 10th or 14th March. Unlike the Liverpool covers with the cachet "Recovered From Wreck / Of SS 'Labrador" the Glasgow covers bear the cachet "Damaged By Immersion / In Sea Water" with no mention of the Labrador. The cancel dates are significant and members are urged to report copies they own, by writing the Editor. ————— Colin D. Lewis, Swansea U.K.



NEWFOUNDLAND'S POSTAL STATIONERY 1873-1941 - Horace W. Harrison Page 19

BRITISH AMERICAN BANK NOTE CO, MONTREAL OBTAINS
THE CONTRACT FOR POSTAL STATIONERY & ADHESIVES
FIRST DELIVERIES WERE MADE IN JULY OF 1880, BUT
WERE NOT RELEASED TO THE PUBLIC UNTIL STOCKS
OF THE PREVIOUS CHE CENT CARD WERE EXHAUSTED

THE GHE CENT CARD WAS RECESS PRINTED ON ONE PLATE OF 10 SUBJECTS, 2x5, IN USE FOR OVER 20 YEARS

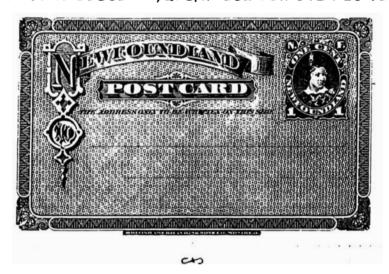


PLATE POSITION ONE

NO ORIGINATING PØSTMARK IS UNUSUAL MESSAGE HEADED "MORETON'S HARBOUR, ZIJULY, 94"

ONLY POSTMARK "HALLS BAY R. T. P. O.; N. P. 2; JY 25, 94"



PLATE Position NINE

*PART OF PROVISION ORDER NOT TO HAND, BACON, BUTTER
HAM. RAISINS, LARD, KINDLY SEND BY FIRST CHANCE"

MOON LISTINGS

Fifth installment, in alphabetical order. See issues 83-84 and 86-87 for previous listings.

	B MOUNT ARLINGTON HEIGHTS		OLD SHOP
	MOUNT ARLINGTON HEIGHTS		PACKS HARBOUR
	MOUNT CARMEL		PACQUET
	MOUNT MORIAH		PARADISE RIVER
	MOUNT PEARL		PARSONS HARBOUR
	MOUNT PEARL PARK		PARSONS POND
	MOUNT PEARL PARK	Y592	PARSONS POND
	MUD LAKE		PARSONSVILLE
	MUSGRAVE HARBOUR	Y593	PASADENA
Y550	MUSGRAVETOWN	Y595	PASS ISLAND
54113	NAIN	54220	PATRICKS COVE
Y551	NAIN	54230	PERRY COVE
54115	NEW BONAVENTURE	Y600	PERRY COVE
Y553	NEW CHELSEA	54235	PETERS RIVER
Y555	NEW HARBOUR	54233	PETERVIEW
Y557	NEW MELBOURNE	Y602	PETERVIEW
Y559	NEW PERLICAN	Y605	PETIT FORTE
Y554	NEWMANS COVE	Y606	PETITES
Y556	NEWSTEAD	54238	PETLEY
Y560	NEWTOWN		PETLEY
Y563	NEWVILLE	54240	PETTY HARBOUR
	NIPPERS HARBOUR		PETTY HARBOUR
	NOELS POND		PHILLIPS HEAD
54145	NOGGIN COVE		PICCADILLY HEAD
	NOGGIN COVE		PICCADILLY
	NORMANS COVE		PIKES ARM
	NORRIS ARM		PILLEYS ISLAND
	NORRIS ARM NORTHSIDE		PLACENTIA
	NORRIS POINT		PLATE COVE EAST
	NORTH BOAT HARBOUR		PLATE COVE EAST
	NORTH HARBOUR (PB)		PLATE COVE WEST
	NORTH HARBOUR		PLATE COVE WEST
_	NORTH VALLEY		PLEASANTVIEW
	NORTH WALLET NORTH WEST BROOK		PLUM POINT
	NORTH WEST RIVER		POINT AU GAUL
	NORTH WEST RIVER		POINT AU GAUL
	NORTH WEST RIVER NORTHERN ARM		POINT AU MAL
	NORTHERN ARM	-	POINT CREWE
	NORTHERN BAY		POINT ENRAGEE
	NUTAK		POINT LA HAYE
	O'DONNELLS	_	POINT LANCE
	O'DONNELLS		POINT LEAMINGTON
	O'REGANS		POINT MAY
	O'REGANS		POINT MAY
	OCHRE PIT COVE		POINT OF BAY
	ODERIN		POINT OF BAY
	OLD BONAVENTURE		POINT VERDE
	OLD HALL		POLLARDS POINT
Y590	OLD PERLICAN	Y623	POLLARDS POINT

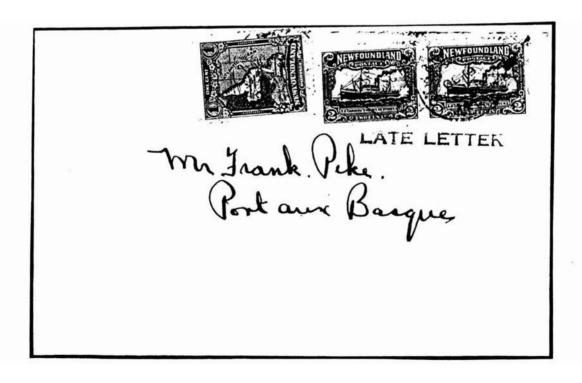
Y620 POOLS COVE

54190 OLD SHOP

BETTER A LATE LETTER THAN NO LETTER AT ALL

Dean Mario has provided us a look at another of his covers, below. Dean writes:

Here's another interesting LATE LETTER marking obtained from the Palmer Moffat collection. It's in purple ink and is obviously from a rubber marking device. It measures 37mm long and is 3mm high. The stamps paying the 5¢ rate (which included the 2¢ late letter fee) have been cancelled with an indistinct ST. JOHN'S & PORT AUX BASQUES R.P.O. circular date stamp dated October 19, 1931. Members may recall these markings within previous issues of the NEWFIE NEWSLETTER (No. 44, Page 1, No. 45, Page 3, and No. 62, Page 3) and this adds another piece to this fascinating puzzle.



Next issue provides a look at mail from the successful Alcock-Brown 1919 flight showing the efforts of the sender to authenticate receipt in England.