# The Small Queens Study Circle of BNAPS

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1: Thank you all for so promptly sending dues. Now that I know what our 'budget' for 1987 (not 1897) is, I hope to be able to produce an appropriate number of newsletters and at the same time know the ceiling on the number of pages. I particularly appreciate the time taken by a number of members to send along suggestions, comments and the like. These extra moments will benefit all of us.

CONGRATULATIONS: I am aware of 3 of our membership who won awards at CAPEX: This may be an incomplete listing, but it is all the information that I have at press time. Bill Simpson - Large Gold

George Arfken - Large Silver with Felicitations

Ted Nixon - Large Silver

On behalf of our group, I would like to congratulate those who exhibited Small Queen material at CAPEX. I personally take considerable pride in the fact that I am a member of a group containing such a John Hillson has an interesting prestigious membership.

Probably the biggest news in 'my' area of the small queens is that it would appear that any doubt that the two latent re-entries on the 2 cent small queen (Reiche #'s 2 and 3) DO NOT appear above each other. Members of the Re-entry Study Circle of BNAPS will know that Ralph Trimble has 'scooped' me with this information. In his most recent bulletin he tells of his chance while at CAPEX to see the well known block of twenty (ex Bill Simpson) that contains #3. Ralph clearly did not see signs of #2 directly above #3 and therefore we can be assured that the signs are NOT present.

It would appear that any question about the position of #2 being directly above #3 is quite recent. A local 'old time' collector assured me some years ago that they do not occur together and it seems that many 'in the know' have over the years just 'known' that the two varieties were not adjacent. All that is needed to dispel the thoughts forever is at least one vertical pair of two cent small queens with #2 at the top and NO #3 below.

Since the last newsletter, I have had a couple of very enjoyable conversations with Bill Simpson. One topic wasthe latents and in brief:

There were 2 plates of 200 (20 x 10) of the 2 cent small queen created in 1892. These plates have Boggs type VII imprints along with the numbers 1 and 2 found at the top. As long as we consider the plate of 200, #3 comes from position 188 and #2 comes from either position 197 or 198.

Since it is not known which plate either variety comes from, it is correct to say that there are two possible positions for #3 and four for #2.

Reiche #3 must be found at position #188 of either plate 1 or plate 2 of 1892 plates and Reiche #2 must be found at position #197 or #197 of either plate 1 or plate 2 of the same 1892 plates.

It would be nice if we could finish the matter once and for all. Does any member own or know of a multiple that shows #2 as a top stamp? If so would they please sent me a high quality photo copy (or a clear photo) that I could print in a future newsletter. I am quite prepared to offer anonymity if desired.

- 5: Some other very interesting topics were discussed by Bill and I and while possibly old news to some of our members, I feel there is likely to be interest from many of our members in much of the following. Comments and/or questions are welcome.
- a) Early cancellation dates for the 2 cent latents were suggested. See ERU table.
- Bill assures me that I am looking for one (or possibly 2) latent re-entries on the six cent. This rarity comes from position 25 of the B pane, which was produced sometime in the 1880's. For a time position 85 was also considered a possiblity, but alignment with a large piece from this plate has proved the position to be 25. From what I am able to understand, positions 11, 20 and 21 of the A pane should NOT be considered to be the 5/6 latent re-entry. They are good varieties, possibly similar in nature to the "Strand of Hair" found on the one cent. Note that while these positions will show some characteristics similar to the 5/6, there circles in the margin. These circles are a 'necessary' characteristic of the 5/6. It is interesting to me that the arc through the tiara, (which, I think, is the main similarity between the 5/6 and the others), is so similar to the strand of hair. I can't help but wonder if some member will be able to present an explanation for either or both of these varieties that will satisfy all (or at least the vast majority) of Small Queen collectors. I look forward to some new suggestions.

LATE NEWS:In Maple Leaves, (Whole #213), which arrived today, I note that John Hillson has an interesting article which makes many of these same points. John has some concerns about the position of the 5/6. In this article, he suggests that position 85 of the B pane is also a possibility. Comments and/or discussion? (What about 1 or 2 states or positions?)

c) Bill tells me that the Hurst collection of the "Strand of Hair" variety on the one cent definitely contains 4 different types. It might be a good idea for those of us who have a few copies of this variety to back to the books and take another very close look.

### 6: NOTES ON ERU:

You will find elsewhere in this issue, another iteration of our earliest reported usage data base. If we are to make the most use of it, I think a few notes of explanation are in order.

- 1) I believe that some data submitted by members was 'missed' during the change over and not used on the first table. I hope that all submitted ERU's are now included in this, our most up to date listing. If your data is missing or seems incomplete, please let me know; and please include data.
- I tried to take all suggestions into consideration when I determined field headings. I hope that we can fill in many of the empty spaces.
- 3) The first four field titles should be straight forward, but some of the others might need some discussion. "Date on cover" is just that, the current ERU of that stamp on cover. "Town (cover)" is the town from

which the cover originated. The same for "Date on Stamp" and "Town (stamp)". "Reporter" is the initials of reporter of cover/reporter of stamp. It was difficult for me to find all info so if you can add anything, please do so. The easiest method might be to make a photo copy or two of the listing and mark in any changes or additions you feel are appropriate and send me the copy with the changes. If any members would like a less compacted listing of the data base, I would be willing to print one for them on wide paper for a SASE (and a small donation to our postage fund, if you like (Canadian postage only,svp)) You might note quite a number of WGBs. These are of course mine, I put them in simply to fill in empty spaces. I would expect very few of them to hold up, and would appreciate any and all attempts to remove them. Please submit all available data for each of the appropriate field headings.

# 7: Another PROJECT!?!

This idea is not a new one but it is one that I would be willing to contribute some effort towards seeing established. I personally find it difficult to refer to the well known small queen varieties by currently available methods. Reiche #'s are a good start, but they are contiguous and thus leave no room for additions except at the end. I would like to see each value in its own group and have room for additions. Also, Reiche (or anyone else) is not likely to have all the known varieties listed. Other varieties tend to have one looking all over the place. Does every one know Pond #5?

It would be lovely to be able to simply refer to plate positions, but I think that we are unlikely to plate a significant percentage of varieties with the material at our disposal.

Conversations that I have had with other collectors have brought me to the conclusion that it is not practical to try and describe the variety to any significant extent. Other booklets, articles, pictures and listings should do accomplish that, we should just try to tie all the info together for our own use. If the system eventually became polished enough, it might be useful for others outside the group, but that would be an added bonus.

What I would like to suggest is the following:

It would be useful to me, and I hope to others, if a standard listing of variety descriptions and references were compiled and a listing of BNAPS SQSC (us) reference numbers appended to it. Instead of referring to "the Strand of Hair" (no Reiche #) as such, our eventual listing might simply call it 1F-B301. (1 - One cent, F-Flaw, B3 - approximate Thirkell Position, O - Ottawa printing and 1 - a counting number because there will be lots of very similar varieties). Four different strands would have code numbers differing only in the last number.

I have considered this for sometime now and I think that it is time for some response from you. My current understanding is that some of our study group will meet Saturday morning in Charlottetown. Other than a discussion of methods of implementation of such a listing, I have nothing else to propose

for 'business'. Member comments will be welcome. Should no one come forward with alternate suggestions, I would be most grateful, if members would jot me a few lines suggesting whether they feel this proposal has merits, and if so, possible suggestions regarding implementation.

- 8) An article and photograph by George Arfken and Norman Brassler dealing with the first ERU on the 1/2 cent follows.
- 9) An article and photograph by George Arfken and Norman Brassler dealing with the first ERU on the 1/2 cent will be found near the end of this bulletin.
- 10) The following are diagrams of varieties found by members and submitted for your interest. I would like to make this a regular feature and will look forward to receiving any contributions you may have. Special thanks this time to R. Trimble and P. Harvey.



Normal



Line in "2"



Lines at UR and UL



Doubling on Left Side



Line at UR

- 12) Charles G. Firby Auctions, 27777 Franklin Road, Box 208, Southfield, Mich. 48037 will be auctioning important philatelic literature, including the Peter J. Hurst Library in mid October. Members can obtain a catalogue for this auction by sending a written request as soon as possible.
- 13) I have not really been 'burdened' with an excess number of articles, but it is a strain that I feel capable of withstanding. Please consider writing anything from a question for the experts to a dissertation on your favourite area of the issue. I look forward to hearing from you. WGB

## Early Usage of the 1/2d Small Queen

In view of our Small Queen Study Group's search for earliest usage, it might be useful to review a similar search two decades ago for the earliest usage of the 1/2 cent Small Queen.

In 1961 Ed Richardson, writing in the Canadian Philatelist, appealed for help in locating covers showing early usage of the 1/2¢ Small Queen [1]. In 1963 he described a 1/2¢ Small Queen cover owned by Jack Kitchen, the annual report of an insurance company [2], [3]. This annual report itself bore a printed date of February 1, 1883. There was no dated postmark but presumably the report was mailed shortly after February 1.

In 1964 James Woods, apparently unaware of Richardson's articles, wrote to the editor of Maple Leaves that he had a 1/2¢ Small Queen cover consisting of an insurance company annual report with a printed date of February 1st, 1883 [4]. He stated that the insurance company was the Brant Farmers' Mutual Fire Ins. Co. In the following issue of Maple Leaves Norman Brassler wrote that he also had a copy of this same February 1, 1883 insurance company annual report [5]. Brassler further noted Richardson's earlier article and identical cover. A second letter by Woods in the next issue of Maple Leaves [6] acknowledged Brassler's letter. Woods also gave the specific reference to Richardson's article [2].

So, by 1964 the earliest usage of the 1/2t Small Queen consisted of three identical insurance company annual reports bearing the printed date. February 1, 1883. This 1883 date was over 7 months after the July 1882 consensus. date of issue. Now, in 1987, 23 years after the 1964 letters, these three insurance company reports still seem to be the earliest known usage of the 1/2t Small Queen. The 7 month gap from July 1882 through January 1883 remains.

Regrettably none of these 1963 - 1964 articles and letters included illustrations of the 1/2¢ Small Queen and the postmarks or of this insurance company report. It is time that this situation is rectified. Figure 1. shows the 1/2¢ Small Queen paying the 1/2¢ newspaper/periodical rate for single items not weighing over 1 ounce. Figure 2. presents the reverse of Figure 1., the Brant Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Inc. 1882 annual report.

- [1] "First Use of the 1/2¢ Small Queen", Ed. Richardson, Canadian Philatelist vol.12, p.235, 1961.
- [2] "When was the 1/2d Canada Queen First Used?" Ed. Richardson, Covers, p.22-23, Feb 1963.
- [3] "First Use of the 1/2¢ Small Queen", Ed. Richardson, Canadian Philatelist vol.14, p.83, 1963.
- [4] "Small Queens", James E. Woods, Maple Leaves vol.10, p.64, Feb 1964.
- [5] Norman Brassler, Maple Leaves vol.10, p.125, June 1964.
- [6] "1/2 Cent Small Queen, 1882", J.E. Woods, Maple Leaves vol.10, p.152, Aug 1964.

George B. Arfken and Norman Brassler



Report and Proceedings of the Twenty-first Annual Meeting

1882. 31stDECEMBER, ENDING

building where steam is used as a motive power.

10th—Agents taking applications for insurance upon property out of the usual course may accept the same to be forwarded to the Board for approval, but must give no interim receipt, so as to bind the Company until such approval is ob-9th—No insurance to be taken within 130 feet of any building not insurable by the Cempany; within 60 feet of any railway track; nor within 200 feet of any numed in the application

them, and how occupied.

18th—Risks to be taken for the future upon private residences in towns and incorporated villags, having the following isolation, that is to say: 100 feet from similar property, or 250 feet from more hazardous, but no such risk to be taken for more than three thousand dollars.

for more than three thousand dollars, for the premium note at the time of insurance having been discontinued, the agents fees for survey is the only 11th—No premium note or undertaking to be taken for a less amount than \$10.00, and the agents in making insurance to keep these undertakings in us even sums as possible, so as to simplify their assessment.

12th—Agents to give diugrams of buildings insured or containing the property insured. Also of all other buildings within 100 feet thereof, the distance between belong.

4th—That Woodsheds, such as usually adjoin dwellings, and where no fire is used; or driving houses in which no straw or hay is kept, be held not to add to the risk; nor barns or sheds adjoining or contiguous to each other to add to their nutual risk, but the distance of other buildings from such dwelling house, woodshed or driving house, shall regulate the rate at which insurance shall be taken. 5th—That a first or second class building having attached to it a wooden kitchen, or other buildings where fire is used, shall be held to be reduced thereby to a third class, and be subject to the rates thereof.

6th—That a stove pipe passing through the roof or side of a summer kitchen or cooking shad, and well secured by sheet from or other metal, stone or brick, at the point of egress, and no chamber floor intervening, be not held to add to the risk. But, on the other hand, a stove pipe passing through it ercof or side of a sing in sum.

rate upon all buildings within 100 feet, shall be increased according to the stove pipe increase.

Tth—The contents of buildings, that is household furniture, farm produce, fith—The contents and live stock, to be taken at the same rates as upply to the buildings in which they are contained, and the foregoing preperty, except the first mentioned, will be held insured in any part of the owner's premises, named in the application; but \$t\$ loks of grain or hay must not be placed within 100 feet of a dwelling house, or within 200 feet of standing timber.

Sth—Barns or other outbuilding adjoining each other, or standing within a greater isolation must have a definite amount of insurance upon each building are at a standard and the content of the standard building of the standard building and the standard building and standard building building standard building and building buildi dwelling or kitchen other than as above, and used in winter as well as in sum-mer, will cause an increase to the rate of one per cent, and the pure must be well secured as previously described at a point of egress, and it there than one such pipe, a like addition shall be made to the rate for each. be more must be

Governing the Insurance of Property by the County of

# Brant Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

1st—That the property insured be classified as follows:

or tile, or shingles land in mortar. Class Second - Dwellings of brick, stone, or concrete, covered with shingles Class First-Dwellings of brick, stone, or concrete, covered with metal, slate

not laid in mortar. Class Third-Dwellings of wood, and outbuildings of all kinds.

Class First-With an isolation from outbuildings of 100 feet or over, 2 per cent.; under 100 feet but over 40 feet, 21 per cent; under 10 feet but over 40 feet. 2nd-That insurance be taken thercon in the following scale. viz.:

Class Second - With the isolation as described above, 21, 3, and 31 per cent. Class Turd—Also with the same isolation, 3, 31, and 4 percent

3rd-That country Churches, School Houses, Township Hulls, and their contents, to be taken at the name of the class which by their construction they All for insurance for five years, and property with a less isolation from out-buildings than 40 feet, or 80 feet from property belonging to other parties, not

# Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company's

# ANNUAL REPORT.

Twenty-first Annual Report of the Directors, laid before the Annual Meeting of the Members of the Company, held in their Office, River Street, Paris, on Thursday, the 1st February, 1883; John Miller, Esq., President of the Company, in the chair, and Wm. Turnbull, Esq., acting as Secretary.

# To the Members of the Brant Farmers' Mutual Insurance Co.:

GENTLEMEN, -- Your Directors, in again meeting with you, have much pleasure in offering their congratulations in regard to the present condition of the Company. When viewed, either in respect to the amount of the property insured, or the state of the finances generally.

With regard to the former point, they are glad to say that the Company has reached a position never previously attained. The amount now covered by insurance being \$2,240,605, or an increase of \$291,689 over last year—an increase which your Directors think should be exceedingly satisfactory to all concerned.

Financially, your Directors believe the state of your Company should be equally satisfactory, they being able to say that, with the exception of a small claim of \$16, due Mr. Henry Force, not yet called for, you are entirely free from debt; all claims of every description with that trifling exception, having been paid off and settled, leaving, as the following financial statement will show, a balance of over \$800 to collect assessment, which amount will carry the Company a long way into the present year, should the losses continue to be as moderate as they have been during the past twelve months.

Trusting their anticipations in this respect may be fully realized, your Directors now refer you to the following statements of your Treasurer's Accounts as prepared by the Auditors

All of which is respectfully submitted.

WM. TURNBULL, Secretary.

JOHN MILLER, President.

Paris, February 1st, 1883.

File: ERU.WGB.MOD1 Page 1 July 22, 1987 Report: newsletter.format Value C.S. Scotts Shade Perf. Date on cover Town (cover) Date on Stamp Town (stamp) Reporter Notes Feb 83 Aug 15 89 Jan 29 86 Feb 9 97 Black Paris St. John 1/2 27a 27b 12 12 Jun 21 93 34 i Gray Toronto JH/WGB Ottawa /WGB Thick White Paper 28 35i Yellow Montreal 12 Jan 4 88 11.5 x Nov 3 79 London Barrie 28a Yellow Jun 28 89 JH/WGB Ottawa Jun 28 89 Mar 6 79 Halifax 35iii Lemon Yellow 28b ?Port? Hood JH/ JH/ 1880 (1879) Orange 35a Nov 25 71 28c Hamilton Montreal Orange Red Orange 12 28d 35 i i Ottawa NB/ JY 14 70-Hamilton(cov (Arfken - 1871 28e 35iv 12 Jun 20 70 12 Jan 8 70 11.5 x Dec 12 71 Mar 24 70 Deep Orange 28f 35v Sherbrooke 28g 28h 35d Orange 35vi Deep Orange 35vii Yellow 11.5 x 28 i 11.5 x Jan 21 77 Jul 18 73 Barnton 12 Oct 13 71 Jun 13 71 Thick White Blotting 29 2222222 Green 12 Feb 15 72 Nov 12 72 NB/ Montreal 29a 36 i Green 12 Aug 19 89 Halifax /WGB Ottawa 29b Blue Green 36d 12 Feb 15 88 Quebec Montreal Blue Green 29c 3611 12 Aug 13 89 Hamilton . Nov 25 89 Fredericton /WGB Ottawa 29d 12 Thick White Paper 11.5 x Oct 19 73 Oct 27 73 36 iv Mar 24 92 Latent at bottom - Re Latent at top - Reich Toronto MB 2 Aug 30 93 36 i v Mar 5 97 WS/WS Dull Red (72) 12 Oct 26 71
Rose (71) 12 Jul 22 70
Copper or Indian 12 Jan 13 70
Orange Red 73 12 Jly 4 75
Dark Rose 12 Dec 20 70
Red 11.5 x Dec 22 73
Copper Red 12.5 x Jan 29 70
Dull Red 11.5 x Feb 14 73
Orange Red 11.5 x Jan 19 73
Orange Vermillio 12 Apr 4 99
Rose Carmine (88 12 Oct 10 88
Deep Rose Carmin 12 Oct 10 88 30 Montreal MGB Montreal 30a 3333333333 Sep 29 71 Jan 19 70 37a Sorel Goderich JH/WGB Montreal 30b 37b GA/ cover lot# 313 Sisson 30c Halifax DE 22 70 Mo Jan 12 71 37c JH 30d 37 i NB/ Thick Blotting Paper 30e 37e London JH 30 f 37d MR 6 70 JS/ 30g 30h 37 i i Feb 26 74 JS/LML Priceville 37iii JH/ WGB/ 30 i 41 Montreal Ottawa 30j 41a Oct 26 88 Oct 17 88 OC 11 88, DE 29 88 co 30k 41 i NB/WGB Slate Green (76) 12 Feb 28 76 Deep Olive Green 12 Dec 26 76 31 Aug 11 76 TN/WGB Montreal 31a 38 i St. Thomas LML/ 316 Slate Green 11.5 x Mar 6 76 38a Jun 30 76 NB/ 31c 42 Grey (88) Oct 17 88 12 NB/ Ottawa Jan 15 72 Yellow Brown 12 May 20 72 JS/ JA 18 72, FE 9 72 cov 32a 39 i Brown (75) 12 32d 11.5 x Jun 30 73 OTTAWA 12 Aug 2 90 39b Yellow Brown Jul 2 74 VW/WGB 32e 43 Red Brown Ottawa Chestnut (90) 32f 43 i 12 Nov 24 91 Jul 26 91 Guelph /JH 32g 43a Chocolate (90) 12 Grey (93) Blue Grey Slate Oct 4 93 Nov 28 93 Oct 22 93 Nov 7 93 OC 17 93 cover 33a 44a 12 JS/JS 33b 44b 33c 44c Violet Black Dull Rose Lilac 12 Light Rose Lilac 12 Jan 18 77 34a 40i 34b 40a 10 Aug 10 83 Toronto /WGB 10 Magenta (80) May 4 87 Deep Rose Lilac 12 Pale Milky Rose 11.5 x Nov 2 74 10 34c 40b 34d 40c Montreal Jun 26 75 Sydney N.S. TN/GA Single not real pale 10 34e 40 i i Magenta 11.5 x Magenta
Dull Rose Lilac 11.5 x
Brown Red (91) 12 Jan 23 93
Dull Rose 12 34f 40iii Jan 18 77 10 349 45 Jul 9 92 Apr 27 94 JS/ 346 Halifax /WGB

Jun 15 88

Ottawa /WGB

Pink